

NCBA CLUSA

The National Cooperative Business Association CLUSA International



- 29,000 Cooperatives in the US
- Over 90 million members
- \$652 billion in annual sales
- \$3 trillion in assets

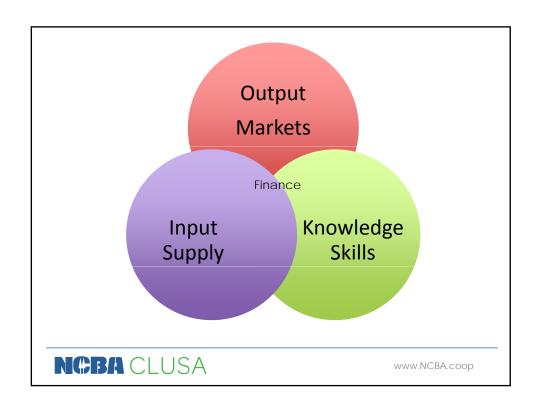
Established in 1916, **NCBA CLUSA** is the **oldest** and **largest** U.S. trade association for cooperative businesses in the U.S. and an international development agency

- 60 years in international development supporting small farmers and cooperatives
- NCBA CLUSA has worked in over 80 countries in Africa, Asia, and Latin & Central America
- Currently working in 15 countries



NGBA CLUSA









CONFIDENCE

Decisions small holder farmers make are not just **economic**, they are...

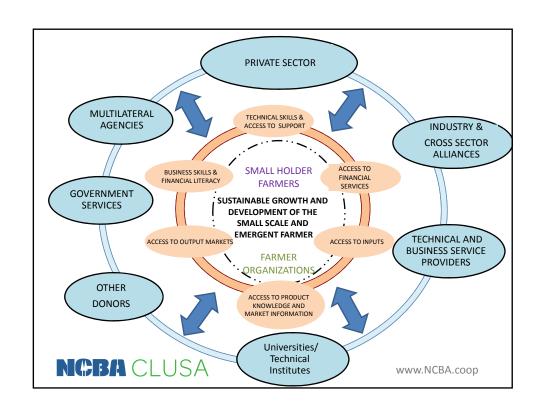
Land, Livelihoods Life Decisions Agribusinesses see small scale farmers as too risky and unreliable

NCBA CLUSA

www.NCBA.coop

How do you build CONFIDENCE?

NCBA CLUSA







Community-Based Solution Providers (CBSP's)/FGs

- Selected by their communities/ farmer groups as third party agents
- Aggregate products input and output
- Provide extension services to FGs
- Work of sales/commissions/fees



Mid-Sized Farmer Organization Market/Inputs

Credit

8-10 FGs 2 delegates per FG Exec Committee Manager

Tech/Ag extension

- Provide financing, bulking, technical services to several hundred farmers
- Engage in larger scale aggregation through contract farming and other business alliances

NCBA CLUSA

www.NCBA.coop

Large Cooperative Business

- Serves thousands of farmers and employees hundreds of workers
- Offers a wide range of business solutions in close proximity to farmers
- Ag processing, technology, and service clustering, exporting, etc
- Is managed by professionals that are accountable to a board
- Tends to focus on a single commodity

NCBA CLUSA



Voluntary and Open Membership

Cooperatives are voluntary organizations, open to all people able to use its services and willing to accept the responsibilities of membership, without gender, social, racial, political or religious discrimination.





Democratic Member Control

Cooperatives are democratic organizations controlled by their members who actively participate in setting their policies and making decisions.





www.NCBA.coop

Cooperative Principle # 3

Member Economic Participation

Members contribute to the capital rather than outside investors. Members benefit in proportion to the business they conduct with the cooperative rather than on the capital invested.



NGBA CLUSA

Autonomy and Independence

Cooperatives are autonomous, self-help organizations controlled by their members. If the co-op enters into agreements with other organizations or raises capital from external sources, it is done so based on terms that ensure democratic control by the members and maintains the cooperative's autonomy.



NCBA CLUSA

www.NCBA.coop

Cooperative Principle # 5

Education, Training, and Information

Cooperatives provide education and training for members, elected representatives, managers and employees so they can contribute effectively to the development of their cooperative. Members also inform the general public about the nature and benefits of cooperatives.



Cooperation among Cooperatives

Cooperatives serve their members most effectively and strengthen the cooperative sector by working together through local, national, regional and international structures. Cooperatives often lack necessary resources to meet all the needs of their members; can achieve greater economies of scale by working with other co-ops.



NCBA CLUSA

www.NCBA.coop

Cooperative Principle #7

Concern for Community

While focusing on member needs, cooperatives work for the sustainable development of communities through policies and programs accepted by the members Cooperatives serve their members most effectively and strengthen the cooperative sector by working together through local, national, regional and international structures.



NCBA CLUSA

