



# The initiative for coffee & climate

September 26<sup>th</sup> 2014

# Initiative for coffee & climate

## founding members



## new partners



## implementing agents



## strategic partners



# Four pilot regions – 3.000 farmers



project phase I: Sept 2010 – Aug 2013

extension: Sept 2013 – Dec 2014

suggestion of new project phase: 2015 – 2017

# Four pilot regions – 3.000 farmers

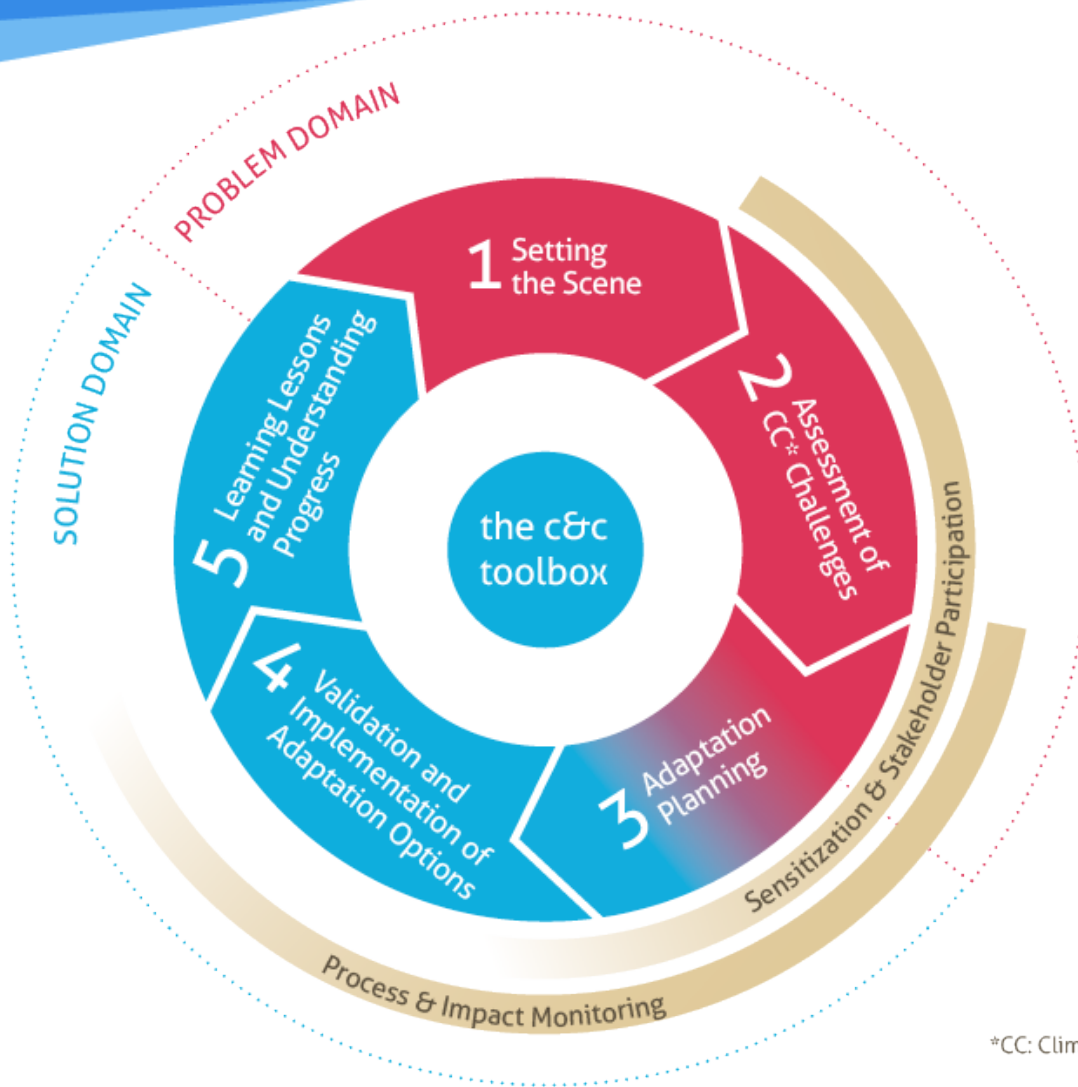
## vision:

- enable coffee farmers to effectively **respond to climate change**

## mission:

- combine **state of the art climate change science** and proven **farming methods**
- offer **practical, hands-on and applicable tools**
- form a **network** of all relevant stakeholders in the field
- apply a **360° precompetitive** approach including the entire value chain

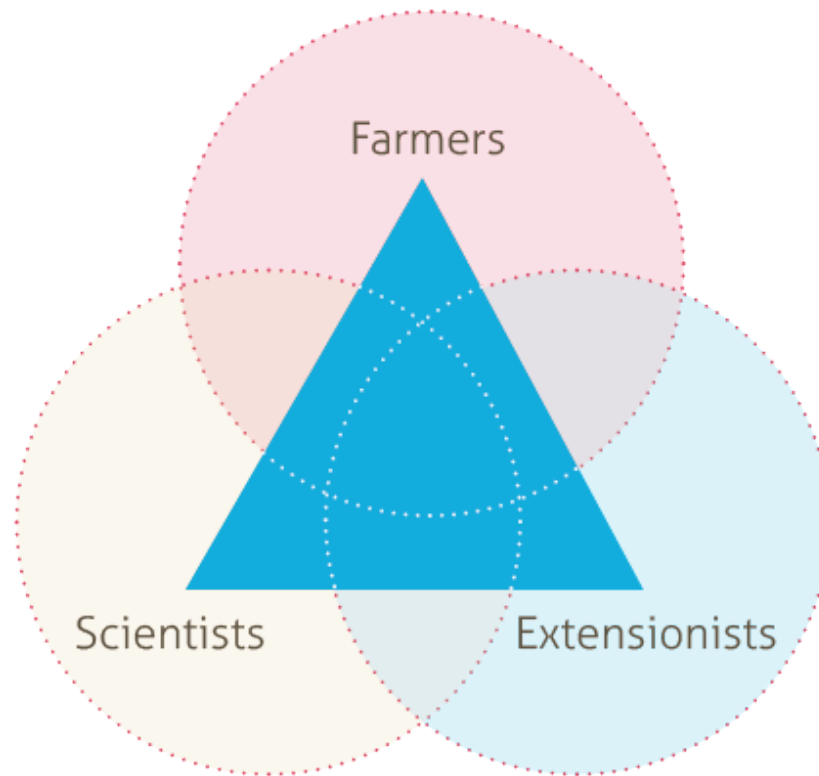
# The c&c approach



\*CC: Climate Change

## 2. Risk assessment e.g. triangulation of sources

Determine the local climatic risks to coffee production to define a locally appropriate solution



# 2. Risk assessment

## - triangulation results -

**Sul de Minas,  
Brazil**

rising temperature; prolonged dry period; strong rains; poor soil cover



coffee wilt, phoma fungal disease, empty beans



**Trifinio,  
Central America**

rising temperature, severe storms, longer rain periods



landslides, infrastructure damage, leaf rust



**Dak Lak,  
Vietnam**

rising temperatures, irregular rain and dry periods, falling ground water



lower pollination rate, higher evapotranspiration, difficult coffee drying



**Mbeya,  
Tanzania**

Lack of water, decreasing rainfall, rising temperatures, long intense dry seasons



Flower abortion, leaf wilt, leaf drop, soil loss, unproductive trees

# 3. Adaptation planning

## Sul de Minas



### (no regret) measures:

- ground cover (brachiaria, crotalaria); water harvesting; deeper polybags; windbreaks

### innovations:

- gypsum

### experiments with:

- shade



## Mbeya

## Trifinio

### (no regret) measures:

- rust management, rust resistant varieties, cover crops (brachiaria, arachis, commelina)

### emergency response:

- risk analysis, community adaptation plans

### experiments with:

- Gypsum (for drier regions)
- Trichoderma
- Sulfocalcio
- Mycorrhizae

### (no regret) measures:

- cover crops (kikuyu and napier grass), mulching, soil management (conservation farming), rainwater harvesting; deeper polybags

### experiment with:

- different levels of mulch
- shade management

## Dak Lak



### (no regret) measures:

- water saving irrigation techniques; composting; diversification/ intercropping; balanced fertilization

### experiment with:

- centralized drying
- drip irrigation

### collect data:

- meteorological, groundwater, pests (cicadas)



# 4. Implementation

## Sul de Minas

### 1400 farmers:

- over 90% of farmers using cover crops (maintain soil moisture, increase organic matter, reduce impacts of strong rains)
- interested in windbreaks, gypsum

### signs of natural diffusion:

- spontaneous adoption of non-project farmers

### training of trainers:

- 26 promoters



## Trifinio

### 1000 farmers:

- good response on rust management, use of rust resistant varieties

### training of trainers:

- 15 (9) promoters



## Mbeya

### 1260 farmers:

- farmers interested in cover crops (kikuyu grass), mulching, conservation farming, rainwater harvesting

### training of trainers:

- 7 promoters

## Dak Lak



### 910 farmers:

- reduction in watering by 30% universally adopted by project farmers
- 30% applied composting techniques
- further interest in balanced fertilization

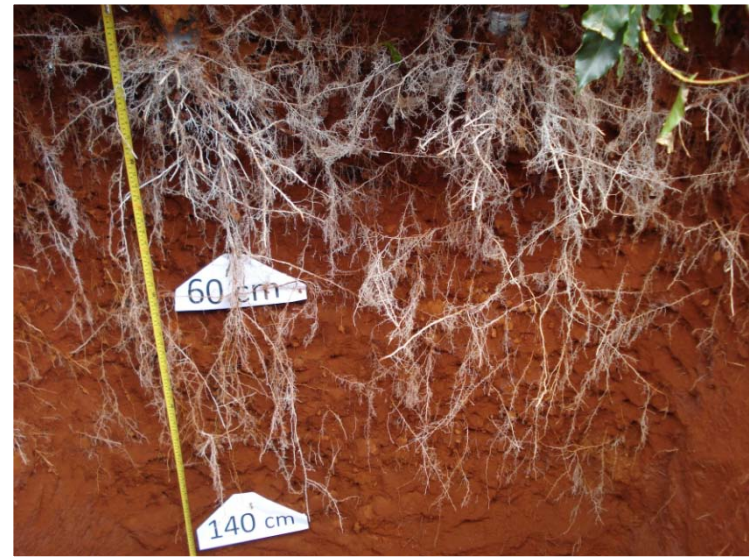
### training of trainers:

- 7 (32) promoters

# 4. Tool validation & implementation:

-e.g. gypsum-

- Demo plots
- Farmer Field Schools
- Exchange visits
- Monitoring and evaluation



# 5. Joint learning

Sul de Minas

## expert committee:

- Epamig
- Emater
- UFMG
- UFV
- UNICAMP
- COOXUPE
- P&A
- Conservation International
- Farmer reps
- HRNS
- ....



Mbeya

Trifinio

## expert committee:

- part of the 'Mesa Nacional' for climate change; together with them in process of establishing the LEC in Guatemala
- cooperation with IHCAFE in Honduras
- .....

Dak Lak



## expert committee:

- Vice-chairman of project district
- Head of the district Agriculture & Rural Development Division
- Chairpersons or deputy chairpersons in charge of agriculture & rural development of 5 project communes
- Farmer reps
- HRNS
- ....

## expert committee:

- TCB
- TaCRI
- Ecom / Tutunzue Kahawa Ltd.
- Café Africa Mbeya
- District Coffee Specialist
- Taylor Winch/ Volcafe
- Shiviwaka / TCFA
- Starbucks Mbeya
- Agricultural Research Institute Uyole
- Regional Agricultural Office
- HRNS



## News

Check out the new **case study map** feature. Soon enough we will have lots of case studies for your convenience!

## Case Studies

Collection has begun and our first case study sample is up – have a look under case studies for this **tool**!

## Welcome to the coffee & climate toolbox

The c&c toolbox is a compilation of methodologies, guidelines and training materials which enable farmers to cope with climate change. It provides a platform to exchange knowledge on known and innovative adaptation practices and bridges the gap between science and farmer know-how.



© ICP

### toolbox wizard

Use the c&c wizard to find tools appropriate to your particular context



© CIAT

### Introduction to the toolbox

Dr. Peter Baker, Senior Scientist at CABI, outlines the toolbox concept in this brief video



© CIAT

### toolbox framework

The c&c program is driven forward in a cyclical manner by constant monitoring and evaluation of adaptation practices

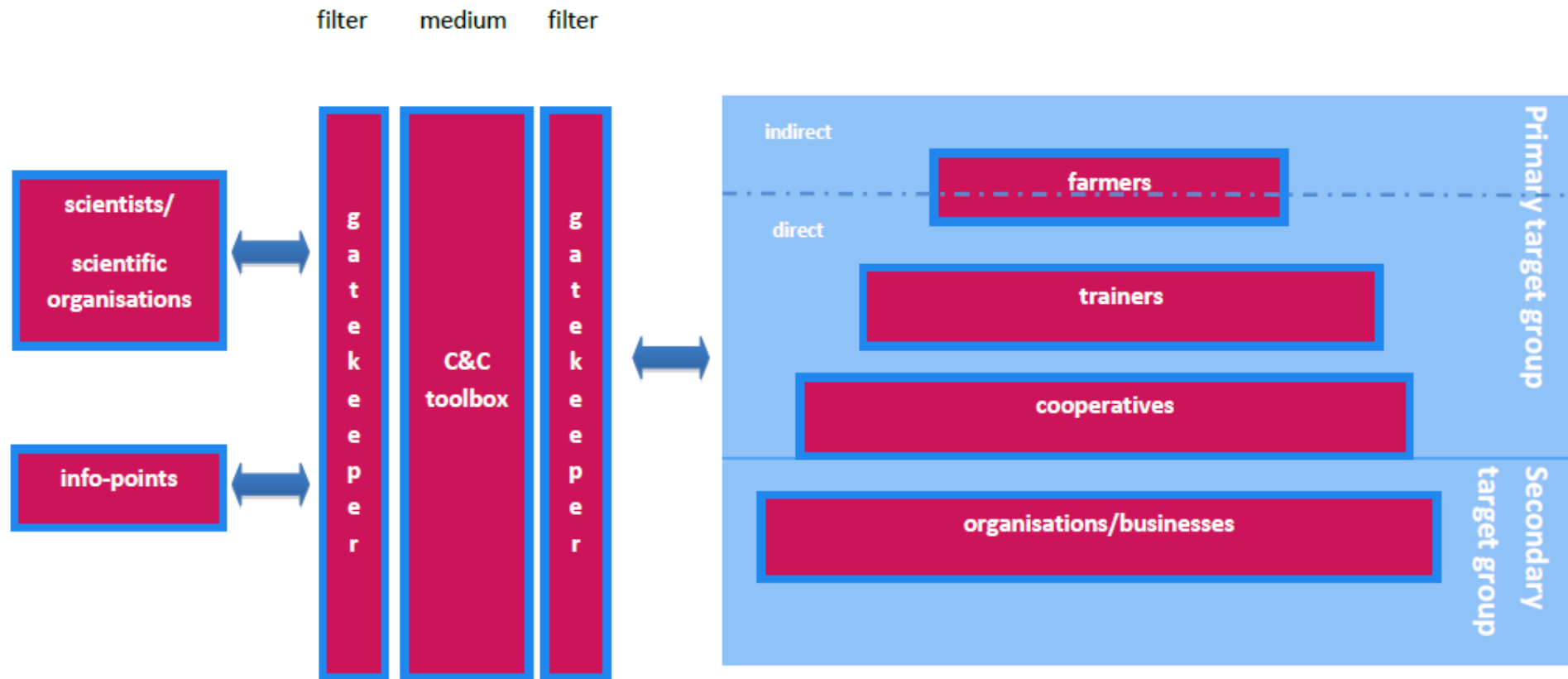
...described in the toolbox framework

<http://toolbox.coffeeandclimate.org>

## News!!!

To provide the most up to date information in an “easy to use” manner we are developing several features for the toolbox...

# Target Group for the Toolbox



## c&c tools

Our wizard generates the information that is most relevant to you by choosing criteria from a selection of drop-down filters (eg. country, climatic hazards etc.) Simply select the criteria that are most relevant to your needs and the tools will be filtered accordingly.

Please choose:

The wizard has found **43** results for the criteria selected.

[Results](#)

## c&c tools

Our wizard generates the information that is most relevant to you by choosing criteria from a selection of drop-down filters (eg. country, climatic hazards etc.) Simply select the criteria that are most relevant to your needs and the tools will be filtered accordingly.

Please choose:

drought

temperature

rain

frost

prolonged rain (ENSO)

intermittent rain

wind

short term rain events (hurricanes, typhoons, heavy thunderstorms, hail)

The wizard has

Results

## c&c tools

Our wizard generates the information that is most relevant to you by choosing criteria from our selection of drop-down filters (eg. country, climatic hazards etc.) Simply select the criteria that are most relevant to your needs and the tools will be filtered accordingly.

Please choose:

drought x



drought resistance

heat stress

plant resilience

water holding

disease

grafting

shade

nursery

water management

irrigation

The wizard has

Results

## Toolbox Wizard

Our wizard generates the information that is most relevant to you by choosing criteria from our selection of drop-down filters (eg. country, climatic hazards etc.) Simply select the criteria that are most relevant to your needs and the tools will be filtered accordingly.

Please choose:

drought x



Brazil x



|



support

adaptation on the farm

adaptation beyond the farm

mitigation

assessment

The wizard has found **22** results for the criteria selected.

Results

## c&c tools

Our wizard generates the information that is most relevant to you by choosing criteria from a selection of drop-down filters (eg. country, climatic hazards etc.) Simply select the criteria that are most relevant to your needs and the tools will be filtered accordingly.

Please choose:

drought x

drought resistance x

adaptation on the farm x

crop variety

The wizard has found **7** results for the criteria selected.

Results

## results for c&c Toolbox Wizard

Gypsum Application to Soil

Weed Selector (Soil Moisture Retaining - Live Cover)

Deeper Polybags

Use of Mycorrhizae in Seedlings and Nursery

Drip Irrigation

Rainwater Harvesting

Use of Trichoderma in Seedlings and Nursery

Page: 1

Tools per page: 20 ▼

Displaying 1 to 7 of 7 applications

## Deeper Polybags



Status:	has case studies
Total nr of case studies:	1
Total nr of farmers:	1
Last updated:	September 12th, 2014
Filter by region:	All



[Click here for case study map](#)

Acceptability	100%
Affordability	100%
Effectiveness	100%
Timing / urgency	100%

### Coffee Variety: Arabica

Tool Type: Adaptation on the farm

Purpose: Drought Resistance

**Concept:** To give coffee saplings a better start on transplanting to the field since coffee saplings will have a deeper root system, especially, if this coincides with a drought period. This would also give farmers more latitude in when to plant out, since they could stay longer in the nursery without root damage.

Extended droughts will cause loss of coffee yields due to reduced sap flow. Reports of tree death caused by drought are not common in coffee, though it is known to occur, especially at the planting out stage when the tree's roots system is weak and superficial.

The size of polybags for nursery seedlings varies from country to country; in some countries (e.g. Uganda, Kenya) the size of bags is very small, perhaps a legacy of times when conditions were wetter. Cenicafé (Colombia) has carried out trials with deeper polybags than normally used. Deeper bags will encourage deeper roots, especially if watered from below during the nursery stage. Although this requires extra materials and work, it seems that the extra effort may well be worth it to give the coffee tree a better chance of good establishment.

Drawbacks: N/A

Costs: N/A

**Recommended Activities:** Field station trials and on-farm participatory trials with deeper polybags to evaluate effects on subsequent growth characteristics of plant including root development before and after transference to the field. This would include ways to encourage axial root growth by bottom watering.

If funds are available, this could include a factorial design to simultaneously study a range of temporary shading, either of living or dead plant material.

Comments:

- Already tried and recommended in Colombia
- Widely applicable, only drawback are extra costs of preparation and transport of extra soil
- No data available on farmer adoption



cases



application



pictures



## Legend

-  Adoption
-  Trial

 Info Point

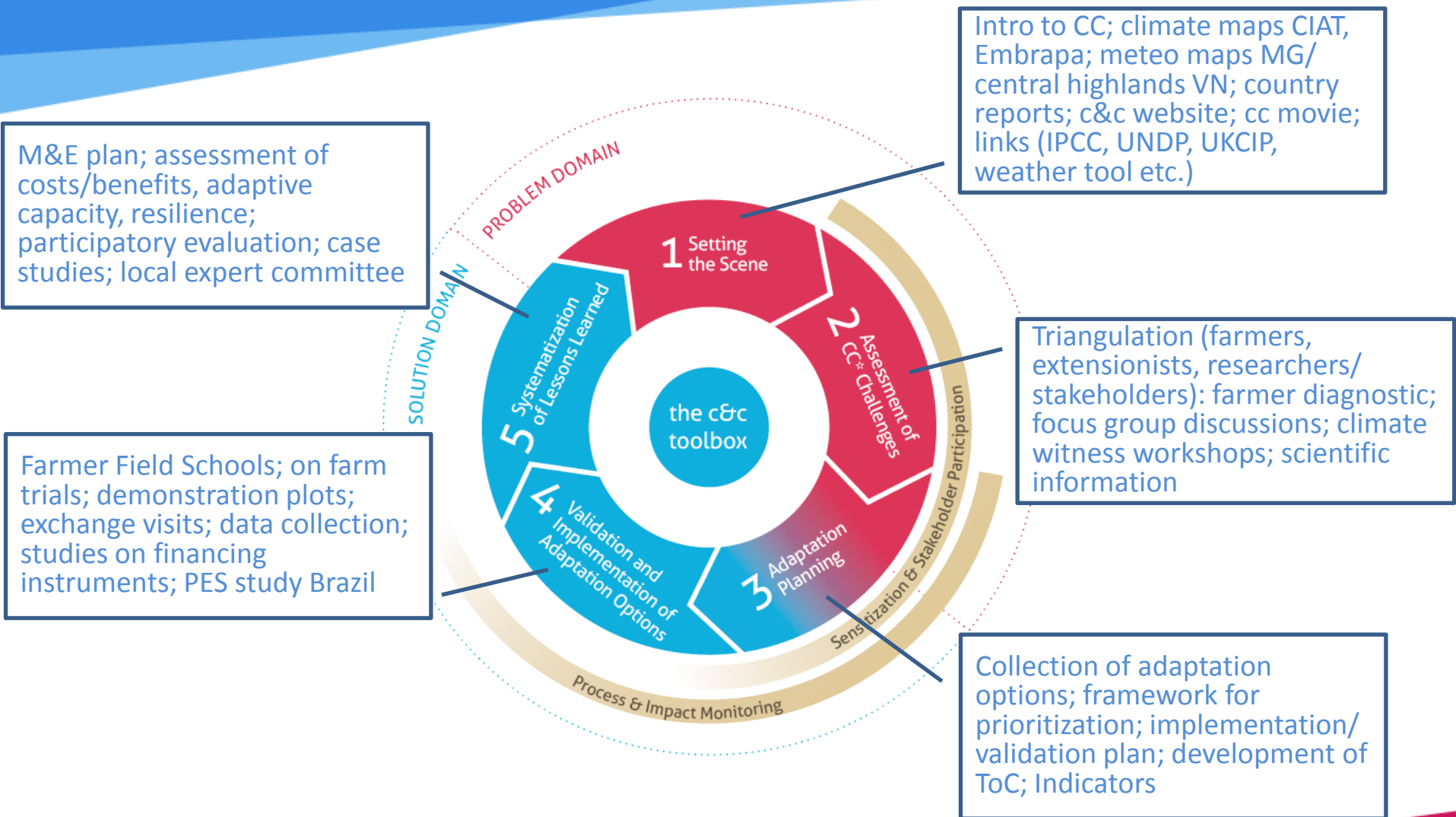


[www.coffeeandclimate.org](http://www.coffeeandclimate.org)  
[toolbox.coffeeandclimate.org](http://toolbox.coffeeandclimate.org)

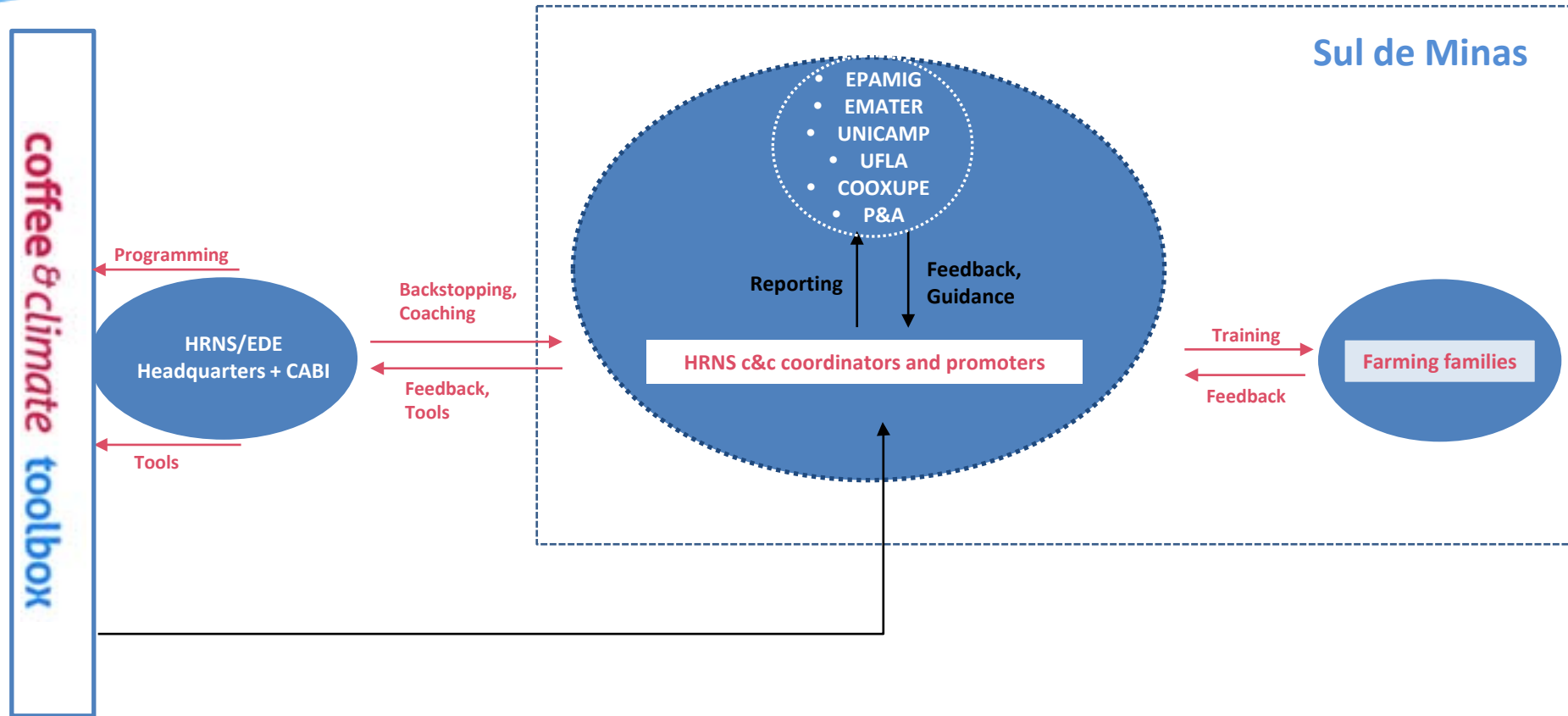


## Consolidation and up-scaling in pilot countries

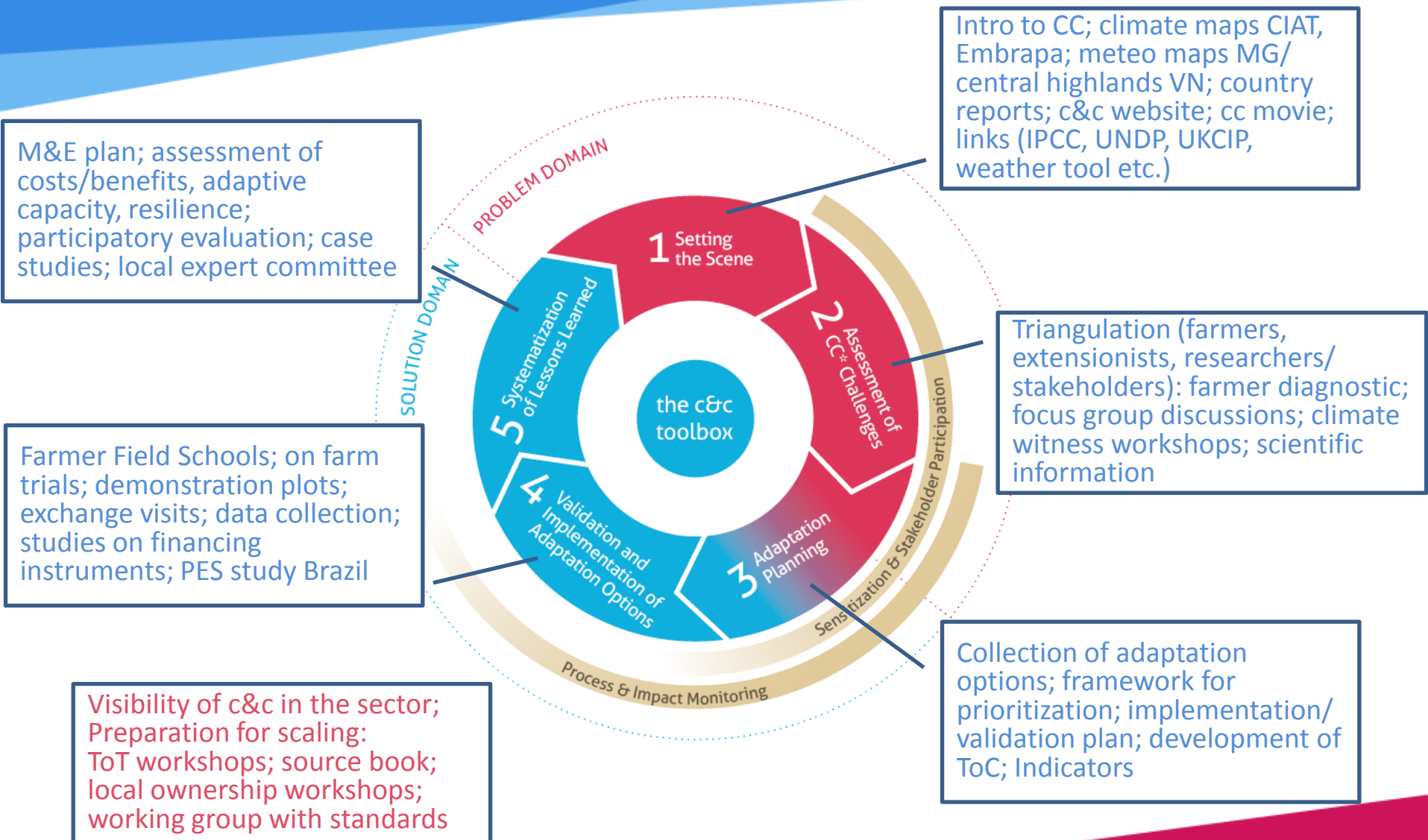
# Achievements



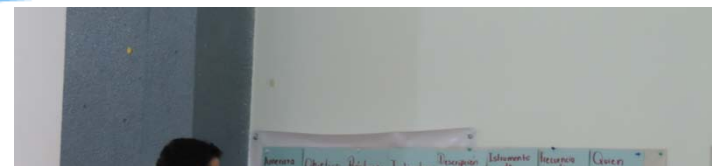
# Project structure – e.g. Brazil



# Achievements



# ToT Workshop



## Participants Tanzania:

- Tanzania Coffee Board – Mbeya
- Tanzanian Coffee Research Institute (TaCRI, nat. research institute)
- Agricultural Research Institute Uyole
- District Coffee Specialist- Mbeya rural
- (District Mbeya rural)
- Shiviwaka
- CMS Mbozi (Coffee Management Services;)
- Ecom/Tutunze Kahawa Ltd.
- Starbucks FSC
- Volcafe/Taylor Winch
- Tembo Coffee Co LTD
- Rainforest Alliance
- Café Africa
- (HIVOS)
- (Solidaridad)

## Participants Vietnam:

- Tay Nguyen University
- Dak Lak Rural Development Division
- Provincial Agricultural Extension Center Dak Lak
- DONRE Dak Lak
- DoST Dak Lak
- Néstle Vietnam
- Mondelez
- Nedcoffee
- Amajaro Dak Lak
- Olam Dak Lak
- (Ecom)
- Intimex Dak Lak
- SIMEXCO
- VCCC
- Nam Nguyet Company
- Trunk Nguyen Coffee Company
- 4C Association
- (Utz)
- (SNV)

## Participants Trifinio:

- ANACAFE
- IHCAFE
- Consejo Salvadoreño de café
- CATIE
- Volcafe
- Ecom
- Forca Café (Brazil)
- TH Valle Colombia (Project Tim Hortons)
- PPRONDECAFE (Project Tim Hortons)
- PROTCAFES (Project Tim Hortons and ICP)
- Rainforest Alliance
- KfW
- GIZ

## Invitation list Brazil:

- EPAMIG
- EMATER
- INCAPER
- MDA
- SECAFE
- IAC
- Coopervass
- Cocarive
- Néstle
- Ecom-EISA
- Stockler
- P&A Marketing
- Conservation International



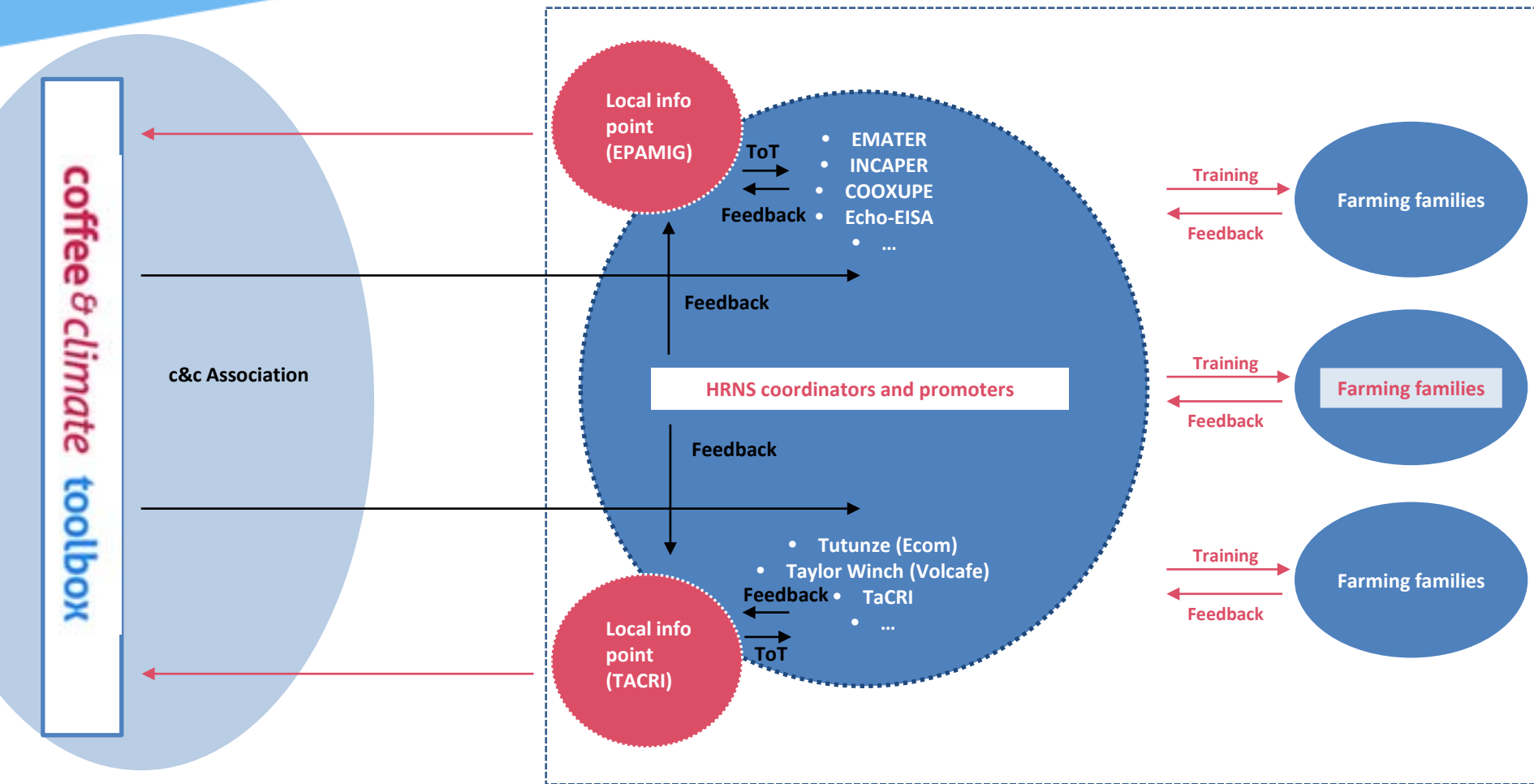
# Sourcebook

Table 10: Ranking exercise for selection of su

Impacts/ Problem	Suggested Adaptation Option	Feasibility (from technical side and c&c toolbox)	En (f te an to Lo M Hi
Soil erosion because of heavy rain	Mulch	High (5)	M
<u>Vulnerability:</u> Soil on hillsides unprotected because of high application of herbicides	Promote cover crops by weed wiper	Medium (3)  Requires prior training and skill in handling; difficult handling on sloping land	M
	Promote Cover crops by manual weeding	Medium (3)  Dependent on availability of suitable local material	High (5);  Will show results once cover crop is full established
		Unknown technique; but equipment available by reasonable cost	Medium (3)
		Will show results in relative short time	Medium (3)
		3 Test plots with weed wiper	<u>Score: 14</u>
		Establish 3 Demoploats of selected cover crops	



# Mid to long term vision – e.g. Brazil, Tanzania



# Working group with standard systems

- Develop synergy between c&c and standard initiatives
- Cooperate to bring climate change adaptation to scale (joint forces)
- Define a clear concept of *resilience* in the coffee sector; this includes business cases for climate change adaptation for the different actors (farmers, funders...)
- Develop and disseminate tools; scaling / enabling *resilience* in the coffee sector based on implementation experience
- Focus on adaptation and consider mitigation aspects where feasible
- External communication to stakeholders (joint events, publications)



# Mainstreaming c&c



**coffee & climate toolbox**  
enabling effective response

- Scaling up: continuation and expansion in pilot countries
- Replication: satellite projects in new countries, regions (e.g. Honduras, Peru, Uganda, Ethiopia, Indonesia, etc.)
- Local info points; licensed regional ToT trainers
- Using c&c approach in all farmer trainings
- Joint learning with partners
- Institutionalizing the toolbox (self-financing); continuous further development
- Mobilizing sector players at large

Building a  
**Sector  
Alliance**



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