Geographical Indications

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Geographical Indications

A form of Intellectual Property Protection

and for

Culture Tradition Environment

Geographical Indications

- Gls are defined differently in different places
- A GI identifies a good as originating in a delimited territory where a noted quality, reputation or other characteristic of the good is essentially attributable to its geographical origin and the human or natural factors there.
- When formal, they may be protected in different forms:
 - trademarks, certification marks, collective marks, sui generis systems such as denominations of origin.

The Guide to GIs

Objectives:

- Distills relevant lessons for developing regions review of nearly 200 pubs. and original cases.
- Outlines pros / cons of different choices & assesses instruments and approaches i.e. public benefits, costs, etc.

Co-authors

Tim Josling (Prof. Emeritus Stanford), William Kerr (Editor, Journal of International Law & and Trade Policy), Catarina Illsley (Head, GEA), Bernard O'Connor (EU Attorney - author of 'The Law of Gls'), Dwijen Rangnekar (Sr. Fellow Centre for Study of Globalisation and Regionalisation Warwick U.), et al.

Success factors determining "+" outcomes

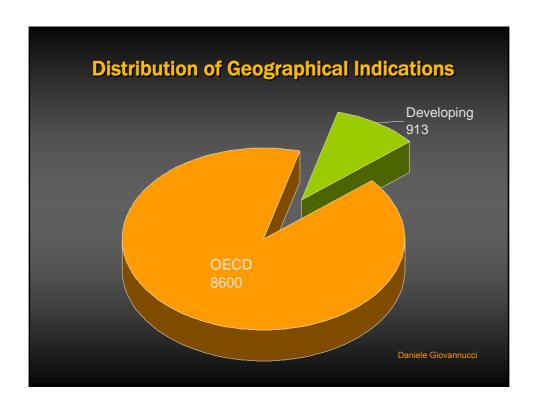
- Commercially successful GIs will not simply emerge
- ⇒ There is **no** one-size-fits-all approach
- Success is often measured in decades requires social, commercial and political patience
- Critical to consider equitable participation among those in a GI region, and not easy to accomplish
- Legal Protection including a strong domestic GI system

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GIs & developmental characteristics

- emphasize the local.
- value cultural aspects and traditional methods that are intrinsic to product.
- value the land and its particular agro-ecological characteristics
- integrate standards and traceability
- integrated form of endogenous rural development

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Gls may not always make sense

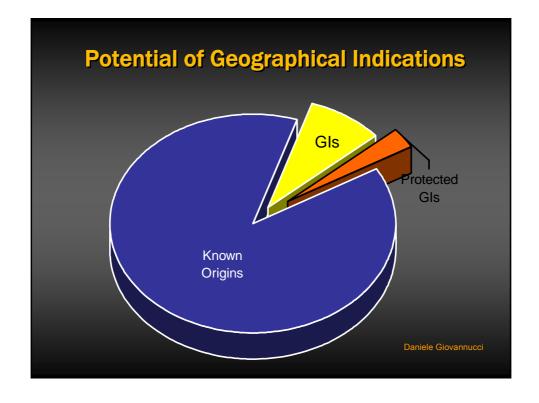
- Establish organizational and institutional structures.
 - to create, maintain, market, and monitor GI
- All start with popular product and controls.
- Most successes built with strong marketing partners.
- Sustained commitment of resources for ongoing operational costs.

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Caveats

- Where is the value in the supply chain?
 - Mozzarella di Bufala Campana PDO mfrs receive premiums but producer dairies do not vs. Parmigiano
 - Darjeeling vs. Kona vs. Antigua vs Jamaica vs Colombia
- ⇒ Failure of institutions GI a danger to the environmental & cultural assets (Mezcal)

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GI questions

- What difference will it make in my supply chain?
 - Costs, Legal requirements, Control...
 - Quality, Producer benefits, Consumer value...
- What are my options as a business?
 - Disregard, Challenge, Undermine i.e. similar name...
 - Ask for exclusive, Facilitate market access ...
- What are my options as an origin?
 - There are better and worse ways learn the lessons

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