



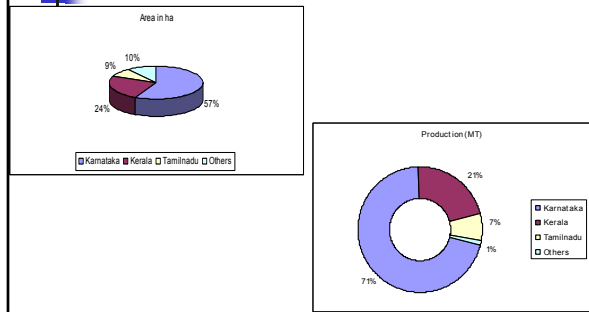
COFFEE DIVERSIFICATION INITIATIVES IN INDIA – A CASE STUDY

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Profile of coffee growing regions and producers

- Mainly grown in 3 southern states
- Total area-0.35mn.ha
- Grows both arabica & robusta
- Av.prodn.4.7mn.bags -4% of global production
- 100% shade grown, hand picked & sun dried
- Mixed cropping with spices & fruit crops
- Predominantly small & marginal holdings
- 0.5 mn. workers in plantations

Area & production

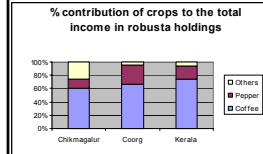
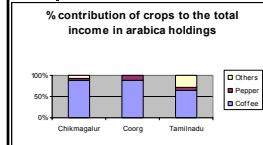


Major diversification initiatives at farm level

- No major public initiatives to promote horizontal diversification in coffee holdings
- Mixed cropping evolved over the last century
- Climatic conditions dictated choice of intercrops
- Public efforts mainly limited to research studies & economic analysis
- No scope for diversification away from coffee



Benefits of horizontal diversification initiatives



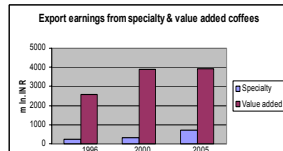
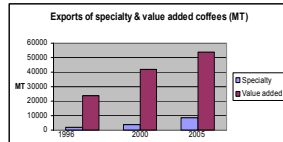
- **Arabica holdings- 12-37% income from intercrops**
- **Robusta holdings – 25-40% income from intercrops**
- **Subsistence measure for small holders**
- **Medium & large holdings maximize their farm incomes through mixed crops to reduce unit cost of coffee production**

Major diversification initiatives at product level

- **Public**
 - **Coffee Board's efforts to develop/ promote specialty coffees**
- **Private initiatives**
 - **Estate brands**
 - SCAI
 - **Soluble coffee industry**
 - **R&G brands by growers**
 - Ginimao, Hunkel Heights, SHGs etc.
 - **Farm to consumer - integrated chains**
 - Tata Coffee, Café Coffee Day, Kalmame Coffee etc.

Impact of vertical diversification initiatives

- **150% increase in quantity of exports of specialty & value added coffees between 1996 and 2005**
- **65% increase in total export earnings from these coffees**
- **Recognition of India as a source of diverse specialty coffees in the world market**
- **Resurgence of domestic market for coffee**



Lessons from diversification initiatives in Indian coffee

- Small & marginal growers only subsist by mixed cropping in their holdings but are not efficient producers
- They are not able to meet the volumes and quality expectations
- Vertical diversification largely benefited the big individual and corporate plantations
- Small holders coffees can benefit from trickle down effect of vertical diversification, but
- They require hand holding to move up the value chain

What needs to be done for small holders?

- Enable group/ community approach to improve their competitiveness in quality & quantities of their coffees & other products
- Support & training for quality improvement
- Identify & popularise alternate viable intercrops (medicinal & aromatic plants?) and subsidiary activities (fisheries, dairy etc)
- Crop insurance scheme
- Fair Trade certification?

Thank You